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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	uct name	: Lone Star SO-3	32
Produ	uct code	: LSB-3.5MSDS-	-SO-32-02
Manu	ufacturer or supplier'	s details	
Manu	ifacturer/Supplier	8883 West Monroe	WER AND COMPRESSOR Road Houston, Texas 77061 www.LoneStarTurbo.com
	Request omer Service	: (+1) 832-532-3	3112
Spill I	r gency telephone nu Information h Information	mber : 877-242-7400 : 877-504-9351	

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Turbine oil.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Reproductive toxicity	Category 2	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical HEALTH HAZARDS: H361f Suspected of damagi ENVIRONMENTAL HAZAR Not classified as an environ	ng fertility.
Precautionary statements	Prevention: P201 Obtain special instruct P202 Do not handle until all	tions before use. safety precautions have been read

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and understood. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Contains alkaryl amine.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Chemical nature : Synthetic base oil and additives.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (Fischer - Tropsch), heavy, C18-50 – branched, cyclic and linear	Distillates (Fischer- Tropsch), heavy, C18-50- branched, cy- clic and linear	848301-69-9	25 - 35
Alkaryl amine	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction prod- ucts with 2,4,4- trimethylpen- tene	68411-46-1	0.1 - 0.9
(4- nonylphenoxy)acetic acid	(4- nonylphe- noxy)acetic acid	3115-49-9	0.01 - 0.099

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

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In case	e of skin contact	:	ter and follow by w	ated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- vashing with soap if available. on occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case	e of eye contact	:	Remove contact le rinsing.	bious quantities of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swal	lowed	:	-	ment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.
	nportant symptoms fects, both acute and d	:	of black pustules a	signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protec	tion of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
medica	ion of any immediate al attention and special ent needed	:	Treat symptomatio	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

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	e equipment and emer- ncy procedures						
Env	Environmental precautions		nation. Prevent fro	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.			
			Local authorities s cannot be contain	should be advised if significant spillages ed.			
	thods and materials for atainment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from spre or other containm Reclaim liquid dire Soak up residue v	It. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. ading by making a barrier with sand, earth ent material. actly or in an absorbent. vith an absorbent such as clay, sand or other and dispose of properly.			
Ado	ditional advice	:	see Section 8 of t	election of personal protective equipment his Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of Sheet.			

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.

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Pac	kaging material		al: For containers or container linings, use mild nsity polyethylene. erial: PVC.
Con	tainer Advice		ontainers should not be exposed to high tem- use of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	-	
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

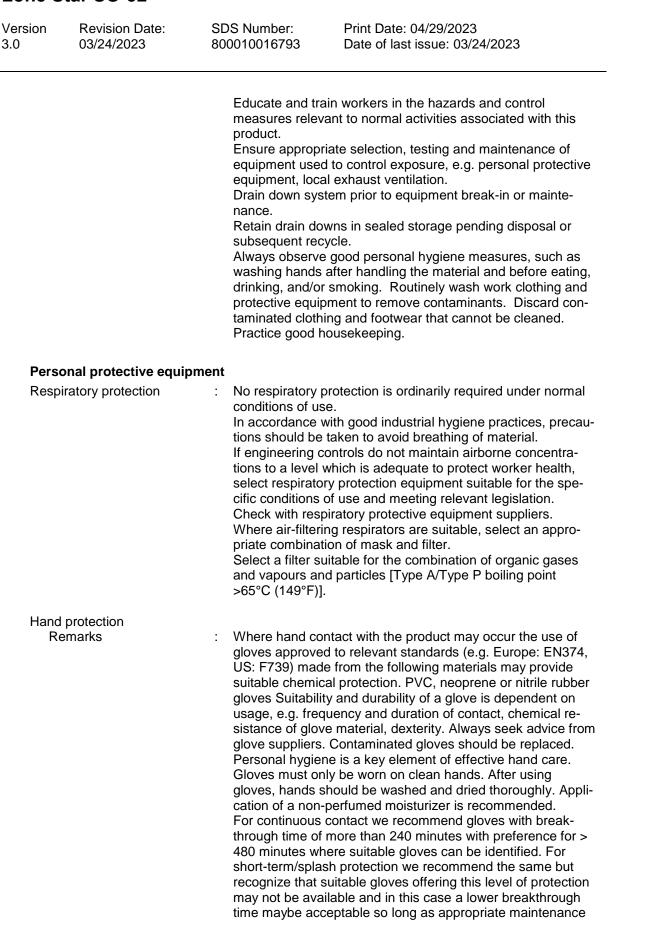
Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:
		Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

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		a good predi dependent o Glove thickne	nent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not ctor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is n the exact composition of the glove material. ess should be typically greater than 0.35 mm n the glove make and model.		
Eye p	protection		If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.		
Skin	and body protection	work clothes	on is not ordinarily required beyond standard .ctice to wear chemical resistant gloves.		
Prote	ctive measures		Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicab	le		
Environmental exposure co		ontrols			
Gene	ral advice	vant environ of the environ necessary, p charged to w municipal or discharge to Local guideli	riate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- mental protection legislation. Avoid contamination ment by following advice given in Section 6. If revent undissolved material from being dis- aste water. Waste water should be treated in a industrial waste water treatment plant before surface water. mes on emission limits for volatile substances erved for the discharge of exhaust air containing		
SECTION	9. PHYSICAL AND C	HEMICAL PROPER	RTIES		
Appe	arance	: liquid			

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	Colourless to pale amber
Odour	:	Data not available
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-33 °C / -27 °F Method: ASTM D97
Melting / freezing point		Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	230 °C / 446 °F
		Method: ASTM D92 (COC)

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	vaporation rate	:	Data not availabl	e	
F	lammability Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable		
	Flammability (liquids)	:	Not classified as flammable but will burn.		
L	Lower explosion limit and upp Upper explosion limit / up- per flammability limit			nmability limit	
	Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)		
V	apour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C /	68 °F)	
			estimated value(s)	
R	elative vapour density	:	> 5		
R	Relative density Density		0.827 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)	
D			827 kg/m3 (15.0 Method: IP 365	°C / 59.0 °F)	
S	olubility(ies) Water solubility	:	negligible		
	Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	е	
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)	
A	uto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	=	
	ecomposition temperature	:	Data not availabl	e	
V	iscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e	
	Viscosity, kinematic	:	32 mm2/s (40.0 °	°C / 104.0 °F)	
			Method: ASTM E	0445	
E	xplosive properties	:	Classification Co	de: Not classified	
С	Dxidizing properties	:	Data not availabl	e	
С	Conductivity	:	This material is r	ot expected to be a static accumulator.	
Ρ	article size	:	Data not availabl	e	

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity		The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment		Information given is based on data on the components and
		the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a
		whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

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met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

(4-nonylphenoxy)acetic acid: Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity	
Product:	



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Effects on fertility

Remarks: Suspected of damaging fertility.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- :	Practically non toxic:
ty)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to daphnia and other :	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
aquatic invertebrates (Acute	Practically non toxic:
toxicity)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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	Toxicity icity)	to algae (Acute tox-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/II Practically non tox Based on availabl	
	Toxicity icity)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	are not met.	
		to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ty)	:		
	Toxicity (Acute	to microorganisms toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based of are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria
	<u>Compo</u>	nents:			
	• •	/Iphenoxy)acetic acid or (Acute aquatic tox-		1	
	Persist	ence and degradabili	ty		
	<u>Produc</u> Biodegi	: <u>t:</u> adability	:	 Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but cont components that may persist in the environment. 	
	Bioacc	umulative potential			
	Produc Bioaccu	: <u>t:</u> Imulation	:	Remarks: Contain cumulate.	s components with the potential to bioac-
	Mobilit	y in soil			
	Produc Mobility		:		under most environmental conditions. vill adsorb to soil particles and will not be
			Remarks: Floats on water.		on water.
	Other a	dverse effects			
	Produc	<u>:t:</u>			
		nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical tential or global warming potential. re of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal

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Poorly soluble mixture. Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
	MARPOL - see International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78) which provides technical aspects at controlling pollutions from ships.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good



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Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Lone Star classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not re-portable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Reproductive toxicity

SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with
		known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis)
		reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light 64742-47-8

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

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The o	• •	oduo :	•	n the following inventories:
DSL		:	All components	listed.
SECTION	16. OTHER INFORMA	τιοι	١	
Furth	er information			
NFPA tivity)	NRating (Health, Fire, R	eac-	0, 1, 0	
Full t	ext of other abbreviati	ons		
ACGI OSHA ACGI		:		
	A Z-1 / TWA eviations and Acronyms	:	8-hour time we The standard a	ighted average bbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- bked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific
			ACGIH = Amer	ican Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists
ADR = European Agreement concerning the International
Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
BEL = Biological exposure limits
BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
EC = European Commission
EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
gy Of Chemicals
ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial
Chemical Substances
EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
Inventory
EWC = European Waste Code
GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
Labelling of Chemicals
-

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		IATA = Internat IC50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor IMDG = Interna INV = Chinese IP346 = Institut determination of KECI = Korea E LC50 = Lethal O LD50 = Lethal O LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal L MARPOL = Inter Pollution From A NOEC/NOEL = served Effect Lo OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persister PICCS = Philipp Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regis Chemicals RID = Regulatio gerous Goods b SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short te TRA = Targeteo TSCA = US To TWA = Time-W	tional Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the f polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. al Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading oading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic bine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan- by Rail

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Lone Star Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	03/24/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US/EN